

# Men's Screenings and Vaccinations by Age

## Men Over 65

As an elder, you are looked upon by your community as a knowledge keeper. Your role in the community is imperative. Many relatives will seek your knowledge. Lead by example and receive all preventative cancer screenings. Discuss these cancer screenings with youth and support them in advocating for themselves and receiving essential preventative cancer screenings.

No screening is recommended, but if you are having symptoms, discuss these with your health care provider. ●●●

It is recommended to have an annual screening in adults ages 50 to 80 who have a 20 pack-year smoking history (a pack-year is a number of packs of cigarettes a person smoked per day multiplied by the number of years the person smoked, 1 pack/day\*1 year = 1 pack-year) and currently smoke ●●● or have quit within the past 15 years. Screening should be discontinued once a person has not smoked for 15 years or develops a health problem that limits their life expectancy or the ability or willingness to have curative lung surgery.

Colorectal cancer screening is recommended ●●● in all adults beginning at 45.

No vaccine recommended. ●●●

The Hepatitis B vaccine protects infants, children, and ●●● adults from Hepatitis B. Talk to your health care provider.

PROSTATE

LUNG

COLORECTAL

HPV

HEP-B



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*The recommendations come from the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices, the United States Preventative Services Task Force, and the American Cancer Society.*



If there is a family history of any of these cancers, you could be at a higher risk for cancer. Talk to your health care provider about the best screening options for you.